

# ARMY DRAFT RULES ISSUED BY PRESIDENT



The



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WEATHER—Showers.



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## VICTORIOUS RUSSIANS DRIVE ON; TAKE BIG GUNS AND 10,173 MEN

### WILSON ISSUES DRAFT RULES AND LISTS EXEMPTIONS FOR FIRST NEW ARMY OF 625,000

Active Work of Assembling Selective Force Under Way From Noon To-Day.

ALL POINTS CLEARED UP.

President Calls on Local Boards to Act Fearlessly and Impartially.

By Martin Green.  
(Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, July 2.—But one step remains in the formulation of the plan by which approximately 625,000 men are to be selected from the 10,000,000 registered under the Conscription Law and sent to military training camps in preparation for the campaign in Europe.

The President to-day issued the rules and regulations for local and district boards providing for the listing of the men registered and specifying those who may claim exemption under the law. The rules clear up everything but determination of the order in which persons on the lists prepared by the local boards are to be held liable for military service in the first army of 625,000. The manner, time or times, place or places for this step of the procedure are to be prescribed by the President at a future date.

Apparently the local and district boards are first to weed out all who show the right to claim exemption. Then, it is assumed from the reading of the regulations issued to-day, the President is to issue special rules and regulations setting forth how the 625,000 men are to be taken from the field at once shall be chosen—whether by drawing from a wheel after the manner of selecting juries or otherwise.

The language of a statement issued by the President accompanying the regulations made public to-day indicates that there is a purpose in the minds of the national authorities to order the local boards to make the selections under rules to be promulgated when the districts in the various States and territories have been advised how many men are wanted from each district.

Those males of military age now registered who may claim exemption under the law—outside the physically deficient—are included in the following classes:

Officers of the United States, of the States, Territories and the District of Columbia; ministers of religion, students of divinity, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, subjects of Germany, all other aliens who have not taken out first papers, county or municipal officers, custom house clerks, workmen in Federal armories, arsenals and navy yards, persons in the Federal service designated by the President for exemption, pilots, merchant marine sailors, those with a status with respect to dependents which renders their exclusion desirable (a married man with dependent wife or child, son of a dependent widow, son of a dependent aged or infirm parent, or brother of dependent orphan child under sixteen years of age), those found morally deficient and any member of any well recognized religious sect existing May 18, 1917, whose creed forbids participation in war and whose religious convictions accord with the creed.

Now that the rules for the local and

### HYDROPLANE DROPS BOMBS ON U BOAT AND SENDS IT DOWN

Swoops Upon Submarine and Ends Fight With Torpedo Boat and Chaser.

Belief that a U boat was sunk by two bombs dropped by a hydroplane in a fight at sea with a torpedo boat, a swift submarine chaser and the aircraft, was expressed by passengers and officers on an Italian steamship which arrived to-day from Mediterranean ports.

The steamship left Italy on June 17, carrying ten first, seventy-six second, cabin and 545 steerage passengers. Five hours later, when ninety miles out, a submarine appeared in chase. The merchantman was accompanied by a torpedo boat and a fast submarine chaser. The torpedo boat promptly opened fire on the submarine and a hydroplane swooped out over the U boat and dropped two bombs on the craft.

The submarine had returned the fire of the torpedo boat, but after the bombs fell she went down and was not seen again. It was thought she was destroyed. The torpedo boat fired seven shots. The steamship did not use her guns because the other boats guarding her were within range, and she feared hitting them. After the submarine disappeared the hydroplane dropped to the water and her officers held a consultation with the officers of the two vessels, after which they separated and returned to their bases.

### LINER SINKS ONE U BOAT IN BATTLE WITH FOUR

AN ATLANTIC PORT, July 2.—How the Elder Dempster liner Akabo on Friday evening, June 14, sank one out of four German submarines in a running fight of five or six hours was told by passengers from England to-day on their arrival here. The big liner evaded all the Germans' attempts at firing torpedoes as well as gunfire.

One of the Akabo's shots carried away a submarine's periscope and then one following struck the hull of the U boat. There was a big explosion and the submarine went down.

The three remaining submarines pursued the liner until dawn, when British patrol boats beat them off.

The passengers also told of the torpedoing of the Cunard liner Ausonia. All aboard were saved and the vessel itself was towed into port. The Ausonia is a steel vessel of 8,153 tons.

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### TWO GRAND JURIES TAKE UP BUNGLING IN CRUGER MYSTERY

Inquiry Into Police Failure and Into Missing Girl Cases. Authorized by Court.

The specific duty of making a thorough investigation of "the seeming indifference of certain police officers" in the handling of the Ruth Cruger murder case was to-day placed in the hands of two July Grand Juries by Judge McIntyre of the Court of General Sessions.

In delivering his charge to the juries Judge McIntyre referred to the publication by The Evening World of the fact that seven hundred young women had been reported missing to the police since the first of the year.

The charge was: "In this connection you may inquire into the seeming indifference of certain police officers in relation to the case of Ruth Cruger, who was deliberately and cruelly murdered in this city some months ago. By this observation I do not, at this time, want to be understood as reflecting upon the Police Department of the City of New York."

"I think it is generally conceded that an atrocious murder was committed. In The Evening World it was openly charged that upward of 700 young girls have been missing from their homes since Jan. 1 last. I would suggest that you inquire also concerning this."

"Should you determine to make an inquiry into accusations appearing in the daily press every day intimating that certain police officers have failed to do their duty as the law directs, I will ask you not to do so entirely upon your own account, but as far as possible, in conjunction with Commissioner Wallstein, who was appointed by His Honor, the Mayor of this city, to investigate the Police Department of the City of New York, respecting all the circumstances surrounding the death of Ruth Cruger. And if, after such investigation, you shall find there has been a failure to perform a public duty as the law directs, it will become your duty to indict."

"A crime is an act or omission forbidden by law."

Russel Griswold Colt, a broker, of the Hotel Netherland, husband of Ethel Barrymore, was selected as foreman of the additional Grand Jury to investigate the Cruger case. Mark S. Cohn of No. 39 West Thirty-second Street was selected as foreman of the regular Grand Jury.

LIEUT. BROWNE CASE TO BE PRESENTED FIRST.

The first case in the Cruger investigation which will be laid before the Grand Jury is that of Lieut. William Browne, the desk officer of the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau, who received the report of Ruth Cruger's disappearance. The case will be presented on Thursday, District Attorney Swann announced to-day.

A recommendation for a charge of perjury against Lieut. Browne was made by Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein, who is investigating the police bungling of the Cruger case. Assistant District Attorney Kilroe, to whom the District Attorney referred Mr. Wallstein's letter, said this afternoon that he had examined a number of witnesses in the Browne matter.

The case would have been laid before the Grand Jury to-morrow had it not been that Commissioner Wallstein has gone out of the city until July 5.

The Ruth Cruger case may result

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

### 'OL' KAINTECK, 'SUH, COMES TO FORCE SON TO REGISTER

John Allen of Clay County, Would Shoot That Boy If He Didn't Sign.

Just as John Calhoun Allen, who had refused to register on June 5 was about to be sentenced by Judge Mayer in the Federal Court this afternoon the proceedings were interrupted by a deep Southern drawl. Through the crowd in the room the figure of a six-foot-six mountaineer, blue shirt open at the neck and with a black felt hat in hand, forced his way.

"Em this yer boy's father," drawled the Southern giant, "and as sure as I'm his Pop he's a-going to register and he's a-going to fight for Uncle Sam."

The speaker identified himself as John Allen of Clay County, Kentucky, and he informed the Court that he hadn't seen his son in ten years.

"When I heard that he had gotten himself in trouble I decided to come up here and find what's what," continued the mountaineer. "The Allens of Clay County are not slackers. If I had a thousand sons they'd all get into the army and fight for Uncle Sam. I've got two boys in the service now and they both registered. My other two boys are nineteen and twenty years old."

The Kentuckian was frankness personified and he was deeply affected by the disgrace brought on the family name by the action of his eldest son.

"Why, Judge, if you'll just turn this boy over to me I'll see to it that he registers. I'll take him back to Clay County and, by gad, sah, if he don't register I'll have a public holiday declared and shoot him in the town square."

After young Allen had been arrested by the Federal authorities following his boasting that as a conscientious objector he had not registered he talked so wildly that he was examined by alienists at Bellevue Hospital. They reported that he was mentally disturbed. Asked concerning this, the father replied:

"When John was a little lad he saw a shooting affair and it used to make him awfully nervous every time a gun went off, but, Judge, if you'll turn him over to me I'll take him back home and get him used to guns."

Judge Mayer decided to turn the man over to his father. The offender is twenty-four years old and of goodly size himself. As the Kentuckian was about to leave he turned to the Court and remarked:

"Judge, I'd like to have a look over this yer town and would like to know where I can check this yer boy while I'm taking in the sights."

The Court advised the Kentuckian to turn the youth over to the United States Marshal if he did not think he could handle him.

"Oh, shucks, I'll handle him all right," stated the Kentuckian. "Now you just come right along with your old dad or you'll get what's coming to you."

28 KILLED ON BIG LINER.

French Steamer Himalaya Blown Up in the Mediterranean.

PARIS, July 2.—The French steamer Himalaya of the Messageries Maritimes, with 204 passengers and crew, was sunk as the result of an explosion in the Mediterranean.

One hundred and seventy-six persons were saved.

(For Racing Results See Page 2.)

### President Wilson's Daughter Speaking at City Hall To-Day



MISS MARGARET WILSON AND MISS SOPHIE IRENE LOEB

(FOR DETAILS OF AMERICAN FORUM MEETING SEE PAGE 3.)

### Jar in Gould Family All Over, Says Kingdon, As He Is Ready to Wed

Brother With Him as He Goes With Bride to Get Dispensation.

Soon after 8 o'clock to-day friends of Kingdon Gould and of Miss Annunziata Camilla Maria Lucet gathered at the rectory of St. Patrick's Cathedral for their wedding for which arrangements had been made earlier in the day. The first to appear were about a dozen friends of Miss Lucet, plainly dressed, simple men and women, most of them of Italian birth. They talked somewhat ostentatiously of her merits and the good fortune of Mr. Gould.

The arrangements were simple. The front parlor of the rectory was cleared and a florist brought in sheafs of Killarney roses and Easter lilies and arranged them about the walls and on the high mantel. Among the earliest arrivals were Miss Helen Winslow Durkee, who said she was a sculptor, and Mme. Talmo, an opera singer, who brought a little girl with her.

The invitations presented by the guests as evidence of their right to enter were merely torn bits of paper

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### THREE MORE MEN KILLED IN EAST ST. LOUIS RIOT

Two Negroes Taken From Street Car and Shot—Stray Bullet Hits White Man.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 2.—Two negroes were taken from a street car this afternoon, shot and killed, and a white man, standing in front of his store, was killed by a stray bullet.

Despite the troop patrols, the attacks on negroes continued this afternoon and at 1 o'clock eight negroes were in hospitals. The attacks usually took the form of bombardment of individual negroes with stones.

The turbulence of the mob increased during the afternoon. Rioters took the rifles away from sixteen National Guardsmen. White women and white girls are participating in the violence.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU, 400 Park Ave., N. Y. City.

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### BERLIN ADMITS BIG LOSS; MANY RUSSIAN OFFICERS FALL IN LEADING CHARGE

Petrograd Reports Heavy Casualties in Great Battle on Galician Border—Berlin Estimates 300,000 Were Engaged in the Main Battle.

### WASHINGTON HAS KNOWN GREAT BLOW WAS COMING

PETROGRAD, July 2.—Russian troops have captured Konichy on the Galician front, together with 164 officers and 8,400 men, the War Office announced to-day.

Prisoners taken on the other fronts on Sunday bring the total to 10,173. Some of the Russian detachments suffered severe losses, especially in officers.

The Russian official announcement says that the Russians have advanced to the Konichy stream and also have captured seven heavy guns. Teuton prisoners continue to be brought in.

Southwest of Brzesany the Russians occupied "some strongly fortified positions," the statement added. The War Office also reported vigorous offensive fighting proceeding on other Russian fronts.

M. Kerenky, Minister of War, telegraphed Premier Lvoff to-day that the Russian revolutionary army resumed the offensive on July 1.

[This is the first word from Russian sources in regard to the new offensive. The capture of so many officers and men indicates a success which cannot fail to gratify the Allies, who have been greatly concerned over the inactivity of Russian troops and the reports that they were fraternizing with Austrian and German soldiers.]

BERLIN, July 2.—The German official statement issued to-day says that the Galician village of Konichy was lost yesterday to the Russians, but that the Russian mass attack was "caught up in a baffling position." A fresh Russian attack against this position, the statement adds, was frustrated. The War Office says sixteen Russian divisions—about 500,000 men—took part in the offensive.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Russian War Minister Kerenky informed the United States three weeks ago that a big Russian offensive would take place about July 1. Secretary Lansing stated this morning that the Russian successes were very pleasing and indicated that Kerenky had succeeded in his big task of reorganizing the Russian army.

LONDON, July 2.—A despatch from Petrograd via its Admiralty wireless press reports active military operations are now in progress in Galicia, and also on the Caucasian front.

Press despatches say that the Russian Army continued to-day its furious attacks upon the Austro-German lines. With an army that has been completely re-equipped and munitioned during months of inactivity Gen. Brusiloff is striking on a front of 200 miles, though the greatest part of the infantry attacks took place on an eighteen and a half mile front.

Guns are in action everywhere and a spread of the offensive is imminent.

The new drive is plainly an extension of the campaign for Lemberg on the Galician capital, successfully

(Continued on Second Page.)

NO VACATION FOR WILSON.

President to Remain in Washington Even if Congress Adjourns.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Announcement was made to-day at the White House that President Wilson does not expect to take a vacation this summer, but plans to remain in Washington as a matter of course.

The President may take short trips down the Potomac River, week ends on the Mayflower.